(b) whether it is also a fact that this cost excludes Rs. 45 crores as the technology transfer;

(c) whether the package price of 21 coaches being imported works out to Rs. 91.6 crores which is six times higher than the same type of coach being indigenously developed; and

(d) if so, the reasons for importing the coaches?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI SURESH KALMADI): (a) and (b) Advance acceptance of offer was issued in July, 1995 for supply of 24 Light Weight High Speed Coaches alongwith transfer of state-of-the-art technology. The FOB (Free-on-board) cost for the supply of 24 coaches is DM 58.5 million (approx. Rs. 145 crores at the current exchange rate). In addition, the cost of transfer of technology is Deutsche Marks 20.9 million i.e. approx. Rs. 51.92 crores.

(c) The type of coaches with superior technical features which are being imported are not produced indigenously and, therefore, a comparison of the costs of imported and indigenous coaches on like basis is not feasible.

(d) The coaches are being imported as a part of the Railways , plan to acquire state-of-the-art technology for taking up series manufacture of modern light weight coaches in India.

Incidence of Polio

1745. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:
SHRI SANJAY DALMIA:
SHRI RAHASBIHARI BARIK:
SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the total annual incidence of polio in the World and in India during each of the last three years;

(b) whether 60 per cent of the total polio cases in the World, occur in India and 10 per cent such cases occur in Delhi alone; if so, the facts in this regard (State-wise) and the reasons therefor;

(c) what is the amount of Central Assistance given to each State for eradicating polio in the States; and

(d) what steps Government have so far taken to combat this disease and to what extent the disease has been eradicated?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. R. ANTULAY): (a) and (b) According to information from the World Health Organisation 14790, 10506 and 8254 cases of poliomyelitis were reported in the last three years. In India 9440, 7556 and 6484 were reported during the same period. The state-wise number of cases is given in the enclosed statement-I.

(c) and (d) Rs. 15.22 crores have been provided to State Governments for social mobilization for polio eradication. In addition over 200 million doses or oral polio vaccine have also been supplied for giving 2 doses of oral polio vaccine to children 0—3 years of age on 9th December and 20th January, 1996. It is aimed to eradicate poliomyelitis by the year 2000. Statewise allocation of funds is given in the enclosed statement-II.

Statement-I

Reported Poliomyelitis Cases during 1992, 1993 and 1994

S. No.	State/U.T.	Number of reported polio cases (1992)	(1993)	(1994)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1083	1435	1669
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0
3.	Assam	2	18	+
4.	Bihar	+	+	+
5.	Goa	22	2	2

S. No.	State/U.T.	Number of reported polio cases (1992)	(1993)	(1994)
19.	Punjab	112	44	101
20.	Rajasthan	1006	1120	913
21.	Sikkim	0	0	+
22.	Tamil Nadu	539	231	272
23.	Tripura	14	8	0
24.	Uttar Pradesh	419	926	790
25.	West Bengal	312	1092	+
26.	A & N Islands	0	1	0
27.	Chandigarh	+	+	+
28.	D & N Haveli	2	0	0
29.	Daman & Diu	0	0	0
30.	Delhi	1912	1085	1194
31.	Lakshadweep	0	0	0
32.	Pondicherry	1	0	0
	TOTAL	9440	7576	6484

Note + : Not available
Source : CBHI

Statement-II

State-wise Allocation of Funds for Social Mobilisation under Pulse Polio Immunization Programme during 1995-96.

(Rs. in Lakhs)

S. No.	Name of State/UTs.	Allocation for State Hqr & Distt.	Allocation for Printing	Total
1.	Arunachal Pradesh	53	—	53.00
2.	Jammu & Kashmir	55	—	55.00
3.	Himachal Pradesh	41	—	41.00
4.	A & N Islands	7	—	7.00
5.	Lakshdweep	3	—	3.00
6.	Nagaland	29	—	29.00
7.	Manipur	33	—	33.00
8.	Meghalaya	21	—	21.00
9.	Mizoram	13	—	13.00
10.	Tripura	13	0.25	13.25
11.	Sikkim	15	—	15.00
12.	Assam	78	1.68	79.68
13.	Andhra Pradesh	68	2.50	70.50
14.	Bihar	124	—	124.00
15.	Chandigarh	3	—	3.00
16.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	5	—	5.00
17.	Daman & Diu	9	—	9.00

(Rs. in Lakhs)

S. No.	Name of State/UTs.	Allocation for State Hqr & Distt.	Allocation for Printing	Total
12.	Assam	78	1.68	79.68
13.	Andhra Pradesh	68	2.50	70.50
14.	Bihar	124	—	124.00
15.	Chandigarh	3	—	3.00
16.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	5	—	5.00
17.	Daman & Diu	9	—	9.00
18.	Gujarat	50	2.26	52.26
19.	Haryana	34	—	34.00
20.	Karnataka	52	2.30	54.30
21.	Kerala	34	1.08	35.08
22.	Maharashtra	82	4.77	86.77
23.	Madhya Pradesh	122	—	122.00
24.	Orissa	82	1.02	83.02
25.	Punjab	30	0.98	30.98
26.	Goa	5	0.14	5.14
27.	Rajasthan	90	—	90.00
28.	Tamil Nadu	62	3.12	65.12
29.	Uttar Pradesh	202	—	202.00
30.	West Bengal	56	2.75	58.75
31.	Pondicherry	9	—	9.00
32.	Delhi	20	—	20.00
	TOTAL :			1522.85

Restructuring of Instrumentation limited

1746. SHRI O. RAJAGOPAL: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have a proposal under their consideration to restructure Instrumentation Limited and to set up a holding company to which different product groups will be attached; and if so, the details thereof;

(b) whether Government propose to pay bonus to the workers of this profit making unit till a decision on formation of holding company is taken;

(c) if so, by when, and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) A revival plan has been sent by Instrumentation Limited (IL) to the IDBI, the Operating Agency appointed by BIFR for revival of Instrumentation Ltd. with a copy to the Government. The Plan envisages restructuring of IL as a holding company with different subsidiaries for its diverse product range like Distributed Digital Control Uninterrupted Power Supply System, Control Valves, Safety Valves etc.

(b) The Company has paid bonus for the year 1994-95 to all eligible employees of IL as per the Bonus Act.

(c) Paid in October, 1995.

(d) Not applicable.

Effectiveness of Contraceptive Pill for the Treatment of Breast Cancer

1747. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA: SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether an indigenously developed oral contraceptive pill for women, Cantchroman, has been found to hold a promise of reversal of breast cancer in terminal stage III and IV in at least 25% cases;

(b) if so, what are the details of the